# LZX Plug-in Relays

### **Relay couplers**

#### Technical specifications

Relay type		RT print relay, 8- and 11-pole, (12.7 mm) 1 CO/2 CO				PT industrial relay, 8-, 11- and 14-pole, (22.5 mm) 2 CO/3 CO/4 CO			
AC and DC operation									
Rated control supply voltage $U_s^{(1)}$	V	24 DC	24 AC	115 AC	230 AC	24 DC	24 AC	115 AC	230 AC
Rated insulation voltage U	V	250 3	21710	110710	200710	250 3	217.0	110710	200710
Degree of pollution  Overvoltage category		III				III			
Safe isolation			/ (with L 7V·D	T79626 plug i	n hasa)	No			
between the coil and the contacts according to EN 60947-1, Appendix N		Up to 250 V (with LZX:RT78626 plug-in base) No (for complete units with standard socket)				INU			
Degree of protection		IP67/IP20				IP50/IP20			
Permissible ambient temperature									
<ul><li>During operation</li><li>During storage</li></ul>	°C	-40 +70 -40 +80				-40 +70 ( -40 +80	+50 for base	assembly)	
Conductor cross-sections									
Solid     Signal and a decided a signal and a signal	mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5				2 x 2.5			
<ul> <li>Finely stranded with or without end sleeve</li> <li>Control side</li> </ul>	mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 1.5				2 x 1.5			
Operating range									
• At 20 °C	V	16.8 52	18 52	86.3 127	172 264	18 40.8	19.2 39.6	92 190	184 380
Power consumption at $U_{\rm S}$		0.4 W	0.75 VA	0.75 VA	0.75 VA	0.75 W	1 VA	1 VA	1 VA
Release voltage	V	2.4	7.2	34.5	69	3.6	7.2	34.5	69
Protection circuit		Freewheel diode for complete unit	No			Freewheel diode in LED module	No		
Max. permissible cable length at $U_s^{(2)}$ (min. conductor cross-section: 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )	m	> 2000	30 (with LE 20 (without			> 2000	500	200	50
Load side									
Switching voltage • AC/DC	V	24 250				24 250			
Rated currents <sup>3)</sup> Continuous thermal current $I_{\rm th}$ Rated operational current $I_{\rm e}$ AC-15 according to utilization categories (DIN VDE 0660)	A A	16/8 (1 CO/2 CO) 6/3				12/10/6 (2 CO/3 CO/4 CO) 5/5/4			
Rated operational current $I_e$ DC-13 according to utilization categories (DIN VDE 0660)	Α	2 at 24 V 0.27 at 230 V				5 at 24 V 0.5 at 230 V			
<b>Short-circuit protection</b> $I_{\rm k} \ge 1$ kA according to IEC 60947-5-1 Fuse links gL/gZ operational class DIAZED	A	10				6			
Shock resistance Half-sine according to IEC 60028-2-27	g/ ms	10/11				9/11			
Vibration resistance Floating sine according to IEC 60068-2-6 30 150 Hz									
Opening the normally-closed contacts along the critical axis	g	5				Approx. 7			
Closing the normally-open contacts	g	> 20	7 \ / 10 ^			> 20 Standard 17 V 10 m A			
Min. contact load (reliability: 1 ppm)		Standard 17 hard gold-p		.1 mA		Standard 17 V, 10 mA; hard gold-plated 20 mV/1 mA			
Mechanical endurance	Operat- ing cycles	30 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	old-plated 17 V/0.1 mA 0 <sup>6</sup> 10 x 10 <sup>6</sup>			10 x 10 <sup>6</sup>			
Electrical endurance (resistive load at 250 V AC)		1 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	1 x 10 <sup>5</sup>			1 x 10 <sup>5</sup>			
<b>Switching frequency</b> (operating cycles) Without load	1/min 1/h	1200 72000				600 36000			
With load	1/min 1/h	6 360				6 360			
Make-time	ms	7				15			
Break-time	ms	3				10			
Bounce time	ms	2				5			

 $<sup>^{1)}\,</sup>$  AC voltages, 50 Hz; for 60 Hz operation, the lower response value must be increased by 10 %; the power loss will reduce slightly.

<sup>2)</sup> The max. cable length depends on the conductor capacity and the cable installation. It can be increased by means of parallel load on A1/A2.

<sup>3)</sup> Capacitive loads can result in micro-weldings on the contacts.

# LZX Plug-in Relays

### **Relay couplers**

elay type		MT industrial relay, 11-pole (35.5 mm) 3 CO								
AC and DC operation										
Rated control supply voltage $U_{\rm s}^{(1)}$	V	24 DC	24 AC	115 AC	230 AC					
<b>Rated insulation voltage </b> <i>U</i> <sub>i</sub> Degree of pollution	V	250 3								
Overvoltage category According to EN 60664										
Safe isolation between the coil and the contacts according to EN 60947-1, Appendix N		No								
Degree of protection		IP50/IP20								
Permissible ambient temperature  • During operation  • During storage  Conductor cross-sections	°C °C	-45 +60 -45 +80	-45 +50 -45 +80	-45 +50 -45 +80	-45 +50 -45 +80					
<ul><li>Solid</li><li>Finely stranded with or without end sleeve</li></ul>	$\mathrm{mm}^2$ $\mathrm{mm}^2$	2 x 2.5 2 x 1.5								
Control side										
Operating ranges • At 20 °C	V	18 38	19.2 38	92 137	184 264					
Power consumption at $U_{\rm S}$		1.2 W	2.3 VA	2.3 VA	2.3 VA					
Release voltage	V	2.4	9.6	46	92					
Protection circuit		No								
Max. permissible cable length at $U_s^{(2)}$ (min. conductor cross-section: 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )	m	> 2000	On request	On request	80					
Load side										
Switching voltage • AC/DC	V	24 250								
Rated currents <sup>3)</sup> Continuous thermal current $I_{\rm th}$ Rated operational current $I_{\rm g}/{\rm DC}$ -13 according to utilization categories (DIN VDE 0660) Rated operational current $I_{\rm g}/{\rm AC}$ -15 according to utilization categories (DIN VDE 0660)		10 2 at 24 V 0.27 at 230 V 5 at 24 V and 230 V								
Short-circuit protection $I_{\rm k} \ge 1$ kA according to IEC 60947-5-1 Fuse links gL/gZ operational class DIAZED	A	10								
Shock resistance Half-sine according to IEC 60028-2-27	g/ms	13/11								
Vibration resistance Floating sine according to IEC 60068-2-6 30 150 Hz • Opening the normally-closed contacts along the critical axis • Closing the normally-open contacts	g g	2 > 20								
Min. contact load (reliability: 1 ppm)	<u> </u>	12 V DC/10 mA								
Mechanical endurance	Oper- ating cycles	20 x 10 <sup>6</sup>								
Electrical endurance (resistive load at 250 V AC)	Oper- ating cycles	4 x 10 <sup>5</sup>								
<b>Switching frequency</b> (operating cycles) Without load	1/min 1/h	100 6000								
With load	1/min 1/h	20 1200								
Make-time	typ./ms	12								
Break-time	typ./ms									
Bounce time	typ./ms									
Contact material		AgNi 90/10								

 $<sup>^{1)}\,</sup>$  AC voltages, 50 Hz; for 60 Hz operation, the lower response value must be increased by 10 %; the power loss will reduce slightly.

The max. cable length depends on the conductor capacity and the cable installation. It can be increased by means of parallel load on A1/A2.

<sup>3)</sup> Capacitive loads can result in micro-weldings on the contacts.